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| APPLICATION NO.  | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/828,699   | 04/21/2004  | Karen M. Cheves      | 1001.1705101        | 5388             |
| 28075 7590 01/17/2008<br>CROMPTON, SEAGER & TUFTE, LLC<br>1221 NICOLLET AVENUE |             |                      | EXAMINER            |                  |
|  |             |                      | GILBERT, ANDREW M   |                  |
| SUITE 800<br>MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55403-2420  |             |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
| MININE OF  |             |                      | 3767                |                  |
|  |             |                      |                     |                  |
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|  |             |                      | 01/17/2008          | PAPER            |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

| Applicant(s)  |                                       |  |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| CHEVES ET AL. |                                       |  |
| Art Unit      |                                       |  |
| 3767          |                                       |  |
|               | Applicant(s)  CHEVES ET AL.  Art Unit |  |

Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 26 December 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on . A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). <u>AMENDME</u>NTS 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. 🛛 For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) 🔲 will not be entered, or b) 🖾 will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 4 and 15. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 25. AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1). 10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. 

The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s). **KEVIN C. SIRMONS** 13. Other: . SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER Andrew Gilbert 1/11/2007

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Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The applicant's arguments fail to overcome the prior art of record.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the cutting members may cut into or otherwise sever or break up leasions) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See In re Van Geuns, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993). In the instant case, the scope of the recited limitations "cutting members" having a "traction region" are broader than the applicant's arguments. The Examiner's interpretation of "traction region" (see paragraph 6, 10, and 17 in the Final Rejection mailed on 10/29/2007) does not require that the cutting members cuts into or otherwise. severs or breaks up lesions. Rather, a cutting member that contacts and engages in frictional movement with the legion is characterized as being a traction region. Additionally, the teachings of Parodi specifically show structures of radially projecting parts that have an increased frictional ability. This increased frictional ability allows a minimal portion of the balloon to contact the vessel when fully inflated decreasing the trauma to the intima when compared to a standard balloon. The exterior of the balloon is designed to reduce damage by providing specific radially projecting structures with increased frictional engagement when in contact with the vessel wall. Applying the teachings of the specific structure of radial projections that increase frictional engagement does not amount to a teaching away from Virgil et al and Lary et al because applying the specific structures of the radial projections it would not reduce any cutting ability of the cutting members of Virgil et al and Lary et al. The concept of decreasing the surface area of the balloon in contact with the vessel wall while maintaining non-skidding ability in comparsion with a standard balloon to decrease damage does not teach away or in any way limit the ability of Virgil et al and Lary et al as cutting autherotomes. Additionally, the Examiner recommends incorporating structural or functional requirements used in their arguments (ie - cutting members for severing or breaking up lesions) to further define the cutting member and traction region and place a requirement of severing or breaking up of lesions into the claims.

AG 1/11/2007